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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/993,642	11/27/2001	Hiroshi Aoki	Q67381	8098		
7590 06/16/2005 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.		EXAMINER				
		HEINRICHS, CHRISTOPHER P				
Washington, D		<i>'</i> .	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2663			
			DATE MAILED: 06/16/2009	DATE MAILED: 06/16/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)
		09/993,64	2	AOKI
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit
			r P. Heinrichs	2663
۔۔ Period for F	The MAILING DATE of this communic	ation appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHOR THE MA - Extensio after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply earned p	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO ALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC ns of time may be available under the provisions of (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) ricd for reply is specified above, the maximum status or reply within the set or extended period for reply we received by the Office later than three months after alternt term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evenication. days, a reply within the statutory period will apply and willill, by statute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tim tory minimum of thirty (30) day: expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status				
1)⊠ R	esponsive to communication(s) filed	on 30 October 2003	<u>3</u> .	
2a) <u></u> ⊤l	nis action is FINAL . 2b	o)⊠ This action is no	on-final.	•
•	nce this application is in condition for osed in accordance with the practice	•	· ·	
Disposition	of Claims			
4a 5)⊡ Cl 6)⊠ Cl 7)⊡ Cl	laim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the app) Of the above claim(s) is/are laim(s) is/are allowed. laim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. laim(s) is/are objected to. laim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from cor		
Application	Papers			
10)⊠ Th Ap Re	e specification is objected to by the e drawing(s) filed on <u>27 November</u> oplicant may not request that any object eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the oath or declaration is objected to	2001 is/are: a)⊠ action to the drawing(s) be the correction is require	e held in abeyance. See ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Ac a)⊠ 1. 2.	knowledgment is made of a claim fo	ocuments have been ocuments have been fithe priority documental Bureau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applicati nts have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
2) Notice of 3) Information	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Flo(s)/Mail Date 10/30/2003	O-948) PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Patent 6,285,887 to Mimura.

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3. With regard to claims 1 and 3, Mimura discloses a power control apparatus and method comprising a plurality of transmission power control means (fig 1 items md1 through mc6) respectively provided for channels (fig 1 items 115), said plurality of transmission power control means including one first transmission power control means (mc# for representative channel, col 10 lines 7-8, for example channel 1 of fig 8) and a plurality of second transmission power control means (at least one channel constituting each group, col 10 lines 8-9, for example channels 4 and 6 of fig 8), and central processing means (fig 1 item 103) for selecting said first transmission power control means from said plurality of transmission power control means (designates, col 10 lines 7-8) and setting a basic code therefor (bit pattern addition command, col 10 lines 9-10) in response to generation of a call (the first connection, col 10 line 8) upon multi-code connection (col 9 lines 33-34) while setting subordinate codes for said second transmission power control means (spread codes, col 9 line 40), wherein said first transmission power control means performs downstream transmission power control ("transmission" from base station fig 1 item 102 being downstream, col 10 lines 11-12) in accordance with a state of communication (col 10 line 16) with a mobile unit (fig 1 item 101) and notifies said central processing means of a control result (comparison of the measured SIR and aimed SIR, col 10 lines 12-13), said central processing means notifies all said second transmission power control means of the notified control result (col 12 lines 28-29), and said second transmission power control means performs downstream transmission power control on a self-channel on the basis of the notified control result (col12 lines 47-52).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claims 2 and 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent 6,285,887 to Mimura.
- 7. Regarding claims 2 and 4, Mimura discloses all aspects of the inventions of claims 1 and 3 and further discloses that the apparatus and method are installed forming a CDMA mobile communications system (col 9 lines 26-28) but fails to disclose that the entirety of the apparatus reside in and method be performed in a base station. However, Mimura does disclose that the apparatus partially resides in and method is partially performed in a base station (fig 1 item 102). It would have been obvious to one

ordinarily skilled in the art at the time of the invention extend the limits of the base station to encompass the central processing means disclosed by Mimura to arrive at the inventions of claims 2 and 4. The motivation to do so would have been use one

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hardware unit perform the method as opposed to two allowing the same functions to be

performed by a device with a single housing and single power supply, conserving space

and energy.

8. Regarding claims 5 and 6, Mimura discloses the method steps to be recorded onto the computer readable medium as set fort in the rejections of claims 3 and 4. Mimura fails to explicitly disclose that the method steps be recorded in program format onto a computer readable medium. However, it would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art at the time of the invention to record the method disclosed by Mimura onto a computer readable recording medium in program format to arrive at the inventions of claims 5 and 6. The motivation to do so would have been to create a means of transporting the method in computer program format to a plurality of base stations in the form of a computer floppy disk or compact disc, thereby allowing a software transfer from the computer readable recording medium to each of the plurality of base stations, provided they be equipped with means to read said computer readable media, as is well-known in the art, thereby allowing more than a single base station to perform the method recorded onto the computer readable recording medium, and thereby allowing the invention disclosed by Mimura to be used in a plurality of geographic locations.

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Conclusion

- 9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - a. Willenegger (US-PGPUB 2002/0009061), Method and Apparatus for Controlling Transmit Power of Multiple Channels in a CDMA Communication System.
 - b. Mimura (US 6,393,005), Method of Controlling Transmitting Power of a Base Station in a CDMA Mobile Communication System.
 - c. Niegel et al (US 6,512,757), Pipeline Processing for Data Channels.
 - d. Nakamura et al (US 5,878,350), Scheme for Controlling Transmission Powers During Soft Handover in a CDMA Mobile Communication System.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher P. Heinrichs whose telephone number is 571-272-8397. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:30am to 5:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Ngo can be reached on 571-272-3139. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

C. Heinrichs AU 2663

> RICKY NGO PRIMARY EXAMINER

> > 6/10/05